

What is Credit?

• Credit is the ability to borrow money

Who uses credit scores?

- Lenders (credit unions and banks)
- Retail stores
- Payday lenders
- Employers



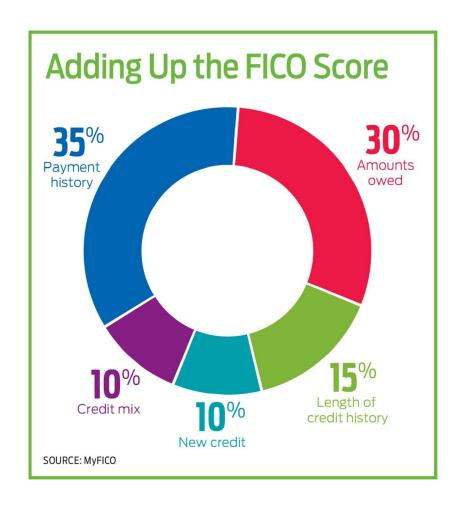
Examples of Credit Score Uses

- Student loans
- Mortgage loans
- Auto loans
- Personal loans
- Home equity loans
- Pawn shop loans
- Auto title loans
- Credit cards

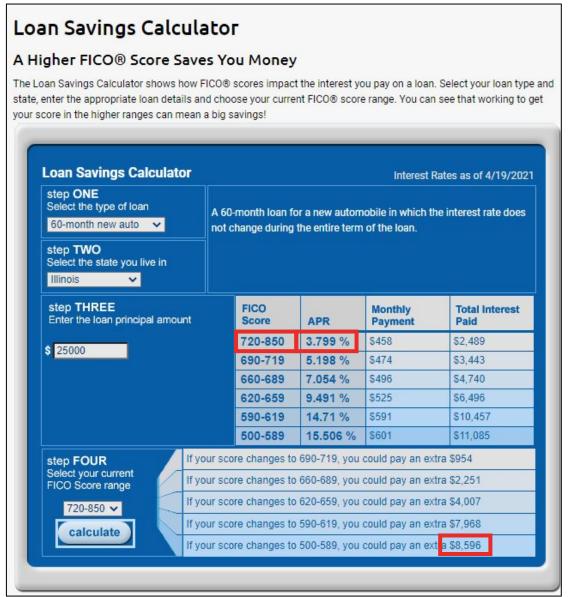


What are good credit scores?





Why is Good Credit Important?



How do you manage your credit score?

3 Major Credit Agencies



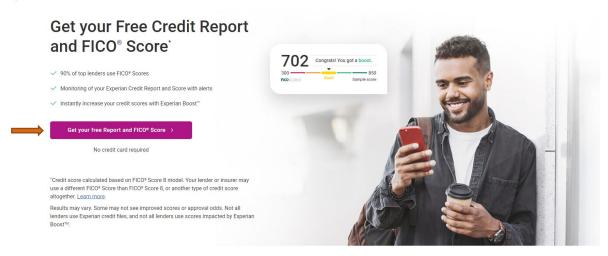
Banks and other Agencies



Experian example

Step 1





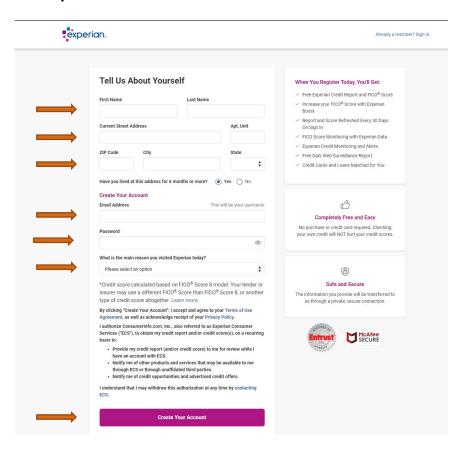
Checking your own credit will NOT lower your Score

Understand your credit by checking your Experian Credit Report and FICO® Score*

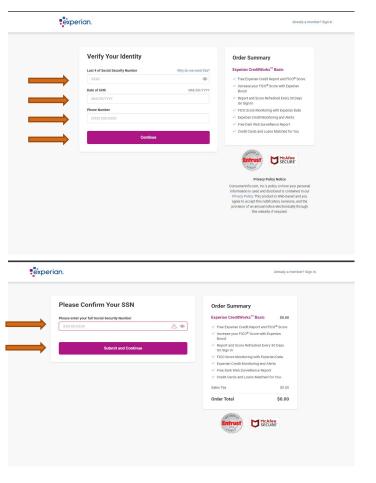


Experian example

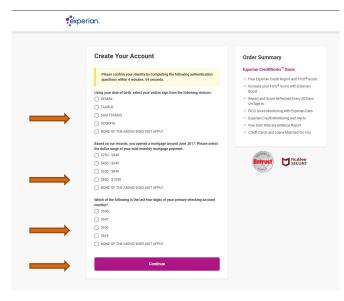
Step 2



Step 3 and 4

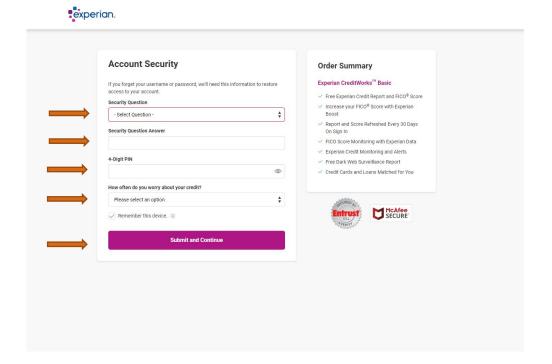


Step 5

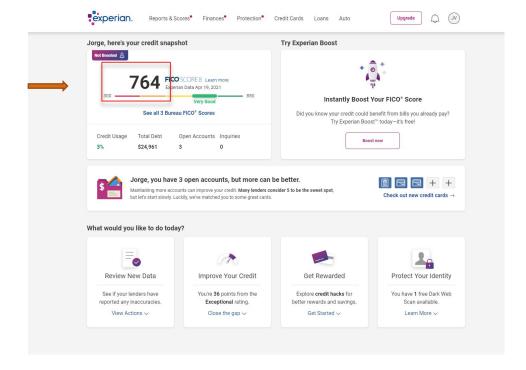


Experian example

Step 6



Step 7



Tips On Improving Each Factor

35% Payment History

- Pay Bills on Time
- Use credit early and responsibly

30% Amount Owed

- Keep balances low (credit utilization)
- Have enough cash to pay credit off



Tips On Improving Each Factor

15% Length of Credit History

- Open credit accounts but know requirements before applying
- Lock up cards; don't cancel them

10% New Credit

Limit credit inquiries

10% Credit Mix

Open a mix of revolving and installment credit accounts

Monitor your credit score!

Questions?